

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/816,479	04/01/2004	Jeffrey T. Babicz	2647-004	1210		
23405	7590 06/30/2006	EXAMINER				
HESLIN ROTHENBERG FARLEY & MESITI PC			LOCKETT, K	LOCKETT, KIMBERLY R		
5 COLUMBIA CIRCLE ALBANY, NY 12203			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
,			2837			

DATE MAILED: 06/30/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				9. 4		
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	\		
Office Action Summary		10/816,479	BABICZ, JEFFREY T.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Kim R. Lockett	2837			
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address -	•		
THE - Extended - If th - If No - Fail Any	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repoperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed sys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communica ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ition.		
Status						
1)[🗆	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3/25	9/06.				
′=		is action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
_	Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 8-16</u> is/are pending in the all 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawd. Claim(s) <u>8 and 17</u> is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 8-16</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.		•		
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac	cepted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	***	, ,			
11)[Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	` ,		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
а)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureasee the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage			
Attachmen						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail D				
3) 🔲 Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date		Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Art Unit: 2837

-Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 9, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bunker in view of Taylor and Fender.

Bunker discloses the use of a stringed musical instrument comprising a body, a neck, one or more strings stretched over said body and said neck (column 6, lines 18-21); and mounting means for mounting the neck to the body. Bunker further discloses the use of a neck and body that have adjoining means for providing a tightly fitting neck body interface so that the neck can be securely mounted to the body by the mounting means (column 5, lines 65-68).

Bunker does not discloses the specific use of an adjustment means to move the neck vertically without changing the angle of the neck relative to the body.

Taylor discloses the use of a stringed musical instrument with an adjustment means to move the neck vertically without changing the angle of the neck relative to the body (see figures 9-11). Taylor further discloses the use of a musical instrument wherein the adjusting means also comprises a height adjustment screw insert fixably secured to the neck; and a height adjustment screw extending from the back of the body through the height adjustment screw

Application/Control Number: 10/816,479

Art Unit: 2837

insert, the height adjustment screw fixable threadingly engaging the body to the neck and providing for the adjustment of the vertical height of the neck relative to the body by turning the height adjustment screw in a clockwise or counter clockwise direction to increase or decrease the distance the neck extends from the body (see figures 8 and 10).

Bunker and Taylor does disclose the use of a neck that is adjustable without loosening the neck from the body.

Fender discloses the use of a stringed musical instruemtn comprising a neck with an adjustment means that allows vertical movement of the neck without loosening the neck from the body (see column 4, lines 8-10).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device as disclosed by Bunker with the adjustment means as disclosed by Taylor and the screws as disclosed by Fender in order to bsorb neck tension from the neck incline.

3. Claims 3- 5 and 10-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bunker in view of Taylor and Steinberger.

Bunker discloses the use of a stringed musical instrument comprising a body, a neck, one or more strings stretched over said body and said neck (column 6, lines 18-21); and mounting means for mounting the neck to the body. Bunker further discloses the use of a neck and body that have adjoining means for providing a tightly fitting neck body interface so that the neck can be securely mounted to the body by the mounting means (column 5, lines 65-68).

Application/Control Number: 10/816,479

Art Unit: 2837

Bunker does not discloses the specific use of an adjustment means to move the neck vertically without changing the angle of the neck relative to the body.

Taylor discloses the use of a stringed musical instrument with an adjustment means to move the neck vertically without changing the angle of the neck relative to the body (see figures 9-11). Taylor further discloses the use of a musical instrument wherein the adjusting means also comprises a height adjustment screw insert fixably secured to the neck; and a height adjustment screw extending from the back of the body through the height adjustment screw insert, the height adjustment screw fixable threadingly engaging the body to the neck and providing for the adjustment of the vertical height of the neck relative to the body by turning the height adjustment screw in a clockwise or counter clockwise direction to increase or decrease the distance the neck extends from the body (see figures 8 and 10).

Bunker and Taylor do not disclose the use of a spring to provide pressure.

Steinberger discloses the use of a string musical instrument with a spring, an adjustable neck and a screw to provide adjustment pressure (see abstract). Steinberger also discloses the use of a neck block with a recess for the bottom of the neck where the neck has a bottom approximately the same size as the recess (see figure 5) and the use of guides to accommodate the bottom of the neck (see figure 7).

Bunker, Taylor, and Steinberger do not disclose the use of a neck that is adjustable without loosening the neck from the body.

Fender discloses the use of a stringed musical instruemtn comprising a neck with an adjustment means that allows vertical movement of the neck without loosening the neck from the body (see column 4, lines 8-10).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device as disclosed by Bunker with the adjustment means as disclosed by Taylor and the spring as disclosed by Steinberger and the screw as disclosed by Fender in order to provide lateral adjustment.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 8 and 17 are allowed.

Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6 and 8-17 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

7. Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 2800 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Group 2800 via the PTO 2800 Fax Center at 703-872-9306.

For assistance in Patent procedure, fees or general Patent questions calls should be directed to the Patents Assistance Center (PAC) whose telephone number is 800-786-9199. Assistance is also available on the Internet at www.uspto.gov.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kim Lockett whose telephone number is (571) 272-2067. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday through Friday from 6:30 am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lincoln Donovan can be reached on (571) 272-1988.

KIMBERLY LOCKETT PRIMARY EXAMINER